# [CONFIDENTIAL.

### SELECTIONS

FROM THE

# VERNACULAR NEWSPAPERS

PUBLISHED IN THE PANJAB.

## NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES,

OUDH, CENTRAL PROVINCES, AND BERAR.

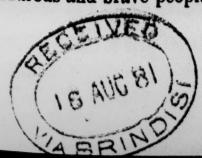
Received up to 16th July, 1881.

### POLITICAL.

The Anjuman-i-Panjáb of the 12th July states that affairs in Afghanistan at present appear to be in a very unsatisfactory state. The Government has already given the Amir Abdul Rahman Khan a great deal of money, and should not give him anything more. He himself should be able to maintain his authority.

The Sáhas of the 9th July, in regard to the civil war in Afghanistan, argues that the Government should not assist the Amir Abdul Rahman Khan with men or money, but leave him to shift for himself. We should not interfere at all in the affairs of Afghanistan. The first two Kabul wars and the late war involved a great loss of men and money, but no substantial benefit was derived from any of them. The Afghans are a barbarous and brave people, love freedom and cannot brook

Circulation, 425 copies.



a foreign yoke. We should let them alone and have nothing to do with them. They cannot have the courage to attack India.

### GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.

Circulation, 125 copies.

The Vrit Dhárá (published in Marathi at Dhar) of the 11th July refers to the case of the Capital punishment. eight men in the Satara district who lately killed five men and have been sentenced to death by the Sessions Judge, and urges that the Government should put a stop to hanging as a mode of punishment. When a criminal is hanged, he has no time to repent and is not offered an opportunity of reforming his conduct. Moreover, hanging is not really so deterrent as may be at first sight imagined. Murders are not more frequent in those countries in which capital punishment has been discontinued than in other countries. It is surprising that a Government which has prohibited satti and made an attempt at suicide a penal offence should tolerate hanging.

Circulation, 147 copies.

The case of Munshi were grieved to hear of the dismissal Indarman. of Munshi Indarman's appeal by the High Court. We have recently learned from a trustworthy source that the fine has been remitted by the local Government. The remission of the fine will satisfy the whole Hindu community. At the same time, the trouble and expense to which Munshi Indarman has been exposed will deter other persons from writing such books in future. We are very thankful to Government, and hope that the Hindus and Musalmans will abstain from such quarrels in future.

Circulation, 125 copies. The Caisar-al-Akhbár (Allahabad) of the 10th July publishes a vernacular translation of the lishes a vernacular translation of the article which appeared in the Amrit Bazar Patrika of Calcutta, of the 23rd June, on the case of Mr. Fisher. The Patrika briefly referred to the answers which Mr. Fisher gave to some of the charges

brought against him. In regard to the enquiry made by Mr. Colvin, the Officiating Commissioner of Meerut, into the case under the orders of the local Government, the Patrika remarked that the enquiry was neither a secret nor a formal one. It cannot be considered a secret one, because Mr. Fisher himself was present in court, and all the severities of the law were used in examining the witnesses of the accuser. The accuser was required to prove the charges contained in the petition forwarded by him to the Government of India, but he was not allowed to put any question to the witnesses except through the Commissioner. Nor can the trial be considered a formal one, because the witnesses were not put on their oaths, and because Mr. Fisher was allowed much more liberty in court than is allowed to ordinary defendants.

The Qaisar-al-Akhbár remarks that obviously irregularities are allowed by the court in the case of Mr. Fisher in order that it might be able to declare him innocent, and in the case of Muhammad Haiyat Khan irregularities are allowed in order that the court might be able to convict him. The public is equally dissatisfied with both these trials. The results of the enquiries in either case are not yet known to the public, but looking at the treatment which the Europeans and natives generally receive at the hands of European officers, we are afraid that the Government of India, whose decision will be necessarily based on the results of these enquiries, will not be in a position to do justice in these cases, and that Mr. Fisher and Haiyat Khan will be convicted (sic). We wish that European officers would be always guided by the same political considerations which the Government has in view, and would not lower its reputation for kindness and generosity in the eyes of the natives.

The Mittr Vilds of the 11th July says that the old Hindu

The spread of the use of Rajas of India took as great an spirituous liquors.

interest in the welfare of their subjects as a father does in that of his child. They allowed

Circulation, 250 copies.

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only a few shops for the sale of spirituous liquors to be established in their territories. But it is to be regretted that at present hundreds of liquor shops are to be found in every town. There were already 500 liquor shops in Calcutta, and licenses have lately been granted for 55 new shops. By giving licenses for the opening of such shops in every creek and corner of a town the Government itself does in a way encourage drinking. It is a good thing to give the people liberty, but such temptations should not be placed before them.

Circulation, 245 copies. The Mirat-al-Hind for June (received on the 14th July)

says :- In the time of Lord Lytton, The alleged ill-treatwhen any European officer showed ment of natives by Europeans. partiality to a European against a native and the matter was brought to his notice, His Lordship at once interfered and did justice. His interference in such cases soon induced the subordinate European officers to dispense even-handed justice. We ought to be very thankful to him for this. It is to be regretted that since his departure from India matters have relapsed into the former Europeans are now again able to abuse, beat, and even kill natives with perfect impunity. The editor then briefly refers to some cases of this kind which have occurred within the last five or six months. The editor does not mean to imply that Lord Ripon does not sympathize with the natives. Lord Ripon is a distinguished member of the Liberal party, and the Liberals are famous for their humanity and philanthropy and greatly sympathize with the natives. His late illness and the Afghan affairs have hitherto prevented him from attending to the matters in question.

The following is an extract from the English Supplement to the Anjuman-i-Panjáb of the 12th July:—

"The Malayan peninsula possesses a large tract of land, the soil of which is extremely rich and the climate

exceptionally fine, which has not yet been populated. peninsula, it is stated, can afford room for a population twenty times as large as it is at present. Surely our Government ought to take some practical step for facilitating the migration of the rural population of the over-crowded provinces to those which are sparsely populated. A large tract of fertile land lying waste along the right bank of the Ravi, called bar, can, if populated, add much to the grain produce of this province. The Central Provinces can afford room for a large number of the poor peasantry of the overcrowded districts of the North-Western Provinces, if the Government removed the unnecessary restrictions in the way of colonization. rules of the Charwa colonization scheme, as they stand at present, do not allow of any tract of waste land being granted to a colonizer unless he takes a block not less than 1,000 acres in area, and can settle thereon at least twenty families of bona-fide cultivators from some other province. a native of the Central Provinces who has no land of his own is not allowed to settle along with the Hindustani emigrants, although by settling together they might be helping each other. The colonists stand in great need of the help and advice of the natives of the province, and they will never be able to settle successfully if the authorities do not allow beneficial intermingling of different tribes. There is no reason why a single emigrant family should not receive land until twenty families join together under a capitalist, such spirit of organization and joint enterprize not having as yet been imbibed by the native peasantry" (sic).

The use of intoxicating ment levies a heavy tax on spirituous liquors and all intoxicating drugs, such as opium, charas, &c., with the object of checking their use. But, in spite of the levy of such a heavy tax, there has been a steady increase in the consumption. Their use is calculated to ruin the people. Moreover, a constant desire on the

Circulation, 490 copies.

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part of the Government to increase the revenue derived from the tax in question lays the Government open to the charge that it cares more for its money than for the welfare of its subjects. Although the Government derives a large revenue from this source, it should adopt effectual measures to check the use of intoxicating drugs. The growth and manufacture of these drugs and liquor should be discouraged.

Circulation, 490 copies. The same paper again publishes a long article in its issue

The Lahore University of the 9th July on the subject of the College.

Panjab University, in which the editor argues that the Lahore University College should not be raised to the status of a university, and hopes that the Secretary of State will not sanction the proposal.

Circulation, 1,700 copies.

The Akhbar-i-Am of the 13th July, in regard to the controversy about the educational policy of the Lahore University College, urges that higher education should be given to the natives in English. (The Rahbar-i-Hind is also of the same opinion and does not approve of the proposed raising of the tuition fee from Rs. 2 to Rs. 10.)

Circulation, 300 copies.

The letting off of fireworks by Musalmans in honour of Shab-i-barát.

The letting off of fireworks by Musalmans in honour of Shab-i-barát.

In ews column, regrets to state that five men have been burnt at Lahore by fireworks, and that it is feared that one or two of them will die. The Government should put a stop to the evil custom among the Musalmans of letting off fireworks in honour of Shab-i-barát. The Muhammadan religion does not enjoin the letting off of fireworks.

### POST-OFFICE.

Circulation, 425 copies. The Anjuman-i-Panjáb of the 12th July urges that just as
The postage charged on the Government has reduced the
newspapers. registration fee from four annas to
two annas, it should reduce the postage on newspapers from
half an anna to quarter of an anna. The reduction of the

postage would be a great boon to the native press and at the same time would involve no loss to Government. If the postage were reduced, many native newspapers which are at present published once or twice a week would become dailies.

### LOCAL.

The Anjuman-i-Panjáb of the 12th July regrets to state that, unfortunately, the water-works at Lahore have proved a source of great inconvenience and loss to the municipal committee and the people. In the first place, the reservoir, which was constructed at a great cost, gave way under the pressure of water and has to be rebuilt. Secondly, as the ground in the streets has become hollow in consequence of the laying of the water-pipes, the water enters the ground when it rains and undermines the houses in the streets. The municipal committee should see to this.

Circulation, 425 copies.

# LIST OF PAPERS EXAMINED.

"oN	NAME.	LOCALITY.	LOCALITY. LANGUAGE.	MONTHLY, WEEKLY, OR OTHERWISE.	NAME OF PUBLISHER.		DATE OF PAPER. DATE OF RECEIPT.	CIRCULATION.
1						1881.	1881.	
-63	Aftab-i-Hind Aftab-i-Panjab	Jallandhar, Urdu	Urdu	Weekly Bi-weekly	Barkat Ali Divan Buta Singh,	July 9th ,, 8th & 11	July	660 copies.
00 4	4	Agra Moradabad	Ditto	Weekly Ditto	Khwaja Yusuf Ali, Ali Husain Khan	" 7th	2.2	225 ",
200	Akhbar-i-Alam	Meerut	Ditto	Ditto Ditto Bi-weekly	Kahraf Ali Kamta Prasad Mukund Ram	, 10th 9th 9th & 13th	" 12th 140 " 140 " 12th & 16th 1,700	1,700 ",
00	Akhbar-i-Hind Akhbar-i- Tamanndi,	Lucknow,	Ditto	Weekly Ditto	Mirza Fajyaz Beg	" 8th		80 "
21	Akmal al- Akhbâr Aligarh Institute Gazette.	Delhi	Institute Aligarh Urdu- Eng-	Ditto Bi-weekly		" 12th " " 9th & 12th	" 16th " 11th & 13th respectively.	80 ", 276 copies (including 68 co-
128	Anjuman-i-Hind Lucknow, Urdu Anjuman-i-Panjab Lahore Urd u- Eng-	Lucknow, I. Lahore	Orda Urdu-Eng- lish.	Weekly Ditto	Chandan Lal Mir Nisar Ali	" 9th	" 13th	Govt.) 135 copies. 425 copies (including 200 copies taken
1222	Anwar-al-Akhbár Lucknow, Urdu Ashraf-al-Akhbár Delhi   Ditt Bhárat Bandhu Aligarh Hindi Dabduba-i-Quisari Bareilly Urdu	Lucknow, Delhi Aligarh	Urdu Hindi Urdu	Ditto Tri-monthly, Weekly Ditto	Tegh Bahadur  y, Mirra Khan  Tota Ram  Thakur Prasad	, 11th 8th 9th	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	by Govt.) 125 copies. 100 " 147 "

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						1881.	1881.	
=4	Naiyar-i-Azam	Moradabad Urdu Etswah Dit	2	Weekly Ditto	Amjid Ali Mubammad Hayat,	July 4th & 11th July		120 copies.
222	Nasm-i-Rind Nár Afshán Nwr-al-Absár	Fatchpur, Ludhiana, Allahabad,	Ditto :: ::	8	Ambica Prasad Revd. E. M. Wherry, Roshan Lal	, 12th 14th	, 15th	106 " " 700 " 120 copies (in
25	Ner-al-Annar	Cawnpore,	Ditto		Muhammad Yaqu	, 16th	Tal or Area	cluding 48 copies taker by Govt.) 887 copies.
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245	Ouch Punch Panjabi Akhbar	Ditto	Ditto	Weekly Bi-weekly	Sajjad Husain Muhammad Azim,	, 12th	16th	by Govt.) 600 copies. 300 "
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222	Qaisor-al-Albbár Rafair-i-Aind	Allahabad, Sialkot	Ditto Ditto	Ditto Ditto Bi-weekly	Abdul Latif Divan Chand Nadir Ali Shah	, 10th		126 " 600 " 517 "
25	Rokilkland Athber Moradabad Sabha Kapurikala Kapuribala	Moradabad	Ditto	Weekly	Bishan Sarup	2nd 9th	respectavely.	200 "

List of papers examined—(concluded).

... 14th ... 16th ... 10th ... 10th ... 10th 58 Sadiq-al-Akhbdr ... Bhawalpur Ditto ... Abdul Quds
59 Sahas ... Allahabad, Bengali ... Ditto ... Afzal Ali
60 Said-al-Akhbdr ... Budaun ... Urdu ... Ditto ... Afzal Ali

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18 Sadiq-al-Akhber Bhawalpur Ditto Sahos Allahabad, Bengali 0 Satd-al-Akhber Budaun Urdu	Sayan Kerti Sudha- Udaipur Hindi	Shafah-al-Sudur	Shola-i-Tar	Tutiya-i-Hind	Vritt Dhara
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The 21st July, 1881.

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